

FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.
WANTS OF THE CLOTHING BUYERS

WITH FALL AND WINTER NOVELTIES

AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING.

Correct Styles! Low Prices!
Selection of Goods in Our Tailoring De-
partment.

SCH BROS.,
Tailors and Furnishers,
WHITEHALL STREET.

OWN & KING,
FURNISHERS AND DEALERS

AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES,
TOYOTA, LEATHER AND RUBBER
HOSE, PACKING, ETC.
PRESSURE BLOWERS AND
EXHAUST FANS,
FIRE FITTINGS AND BRASS GOODS.

PRICES AND DISCOUNTS.
BROAD ST.

CEMENT AND COAL.

Stove Flue, absolutely
terra Cotta Chimney
and Stove Thimbles.

IMES
MASTER PARIS
RAIN PIPE
FIRE BRICK
FIRE CLAY
PLASTER'S HAIR
MARBLE DUST
SHOP COAL
GRATE COAL

ATLANTA, GA.
INVESTMENT COMPANY.

Security Investment Company
ATLANTA, GA.

\$50,000.00
W. R. HAMMOND, Secretary.
HALL & HAMMOND, Attorneys.

DIRECTORS.
JOHN KELLY,
J. H. HILL,
W. R. HAMMOND.

W. R. HAMMOND.
W. R. HAMMOND.
W. R. HAMMOND.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
We begin our
SALE

Notwithstanding the fact
that has surpassed by far all our
still have an IMMENSE
we are determined to unload.

DEPARTMENT.
MEN'S SUIT SALE.

\$12.00, \$12.50, \$13.00, \$13.50,
and \$15.00, now \$10.00.

OVERCOATS
\$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00.
\$2.25, \$2.75 and \$3.50.

COATS, At correspond-
ingly low prices.

WISHINGS!
LE OF UNDERWEAR.

space to quote prices, our assort-
ment. Suffice it to say that,
asked, we will close out our
at prices will do the work
yourself.

DEPARTMENT
has created quite a rush. We
not have placed on sale much
\$2.00, worth \$3.00, \$3.50, some
at \$2.25 we are offering Hats
at \$4.50 and \$5.00.

MAN BROS.,
WHITEHALL STREET

WHITEHALL STREET

WHITEHALL STREET

WHITEHALL STREET

WHITEHALL STREET

WHITEHALL STREET

WHITEHALL STREET

WHITEHALL STREET

WHITEHALL STREET

VOL. XIX.

TACKLING THE TARIFF.

Speeches in the Senate Yesterday.

SENATOR BROWN ON THE REVENUE.

Mr. Sherman Speaks Against the President's
Views. While Mr. Voorhees Defends
Them—Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—[Special.]—
Senator Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia, has
opened the war on the iniquitous internal re-
venue law.

In the senate he introduced a bill for the
repeal of the law. The bill is sweeping in its
provisions, and does not deal gingerly with the
great evil.

The comment upon Senator Brown's move-
ment is favorable. Georgians have looked upon
the bill as the fulfillment of the instructions
of numerous Georgia legislatures that the re-
venue system, with its spies and hardships,
should be repealed. They say that the tax im-
posed was a war measure, and that its imposi-
tion should have been accompanied by a declara-
tion of war.

Further, they say that if excise taxes are to
be levied on whisky, it should be done by the
states themselves, thus keeping at home the
money which, under the federal system, is
taken away and locked up in the treasury.

Senator Brown has studied the question
thoroughly, and will speak to it on
Monday.

SPEECHES IN THE SENATE.

First of the President Discussed by Sher-
man and Voorhees.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—Among the
papers presented to the senate was a letter from
Allen C. Co., publishers of Augusta, Maine,
urging the necessity of the issue of fractional
currency. Mr. Eyer, who presented it, stated
as a fact amounting to him, that this firm
had received in its business one thousand
dollars a day in payments of a fraction of a dol-
lar in stamps. By Mr. Hale, a petition against
any change in the money system, and in
favor of the right of American citizens to
redeem their money in gold and silver.

Also, by Mr. Voorhees, in favor of the present tariff on
lumber. Also, by Mr. Cullum, several petitions
of the Illinois state senate, endorsing inter-
state commerce; favoring government own-
ership of telegraph lines; denouncing gambling
in future, "favoring the restriction of immigra-
tion as proposed in the Reagan bill, oppos-
ing the abolition of the whisky and tobacco
tax, and favoring the placing of salt, lumber,
sugar, etc., on the free list.

Among the bills introduced and referred
were the following: By Mr. Cullum, amend-
ments to his postal telegraph bill, by Mr.
Jefferson, to encourage the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Mr. Brown offered a resolution declaring
that the present money system was a con-
fession of the government's bankruptcy, and
that for the first three-quarters of the century
of its existence when it collected necessary
revenue at points of national boundaries, it
had exacted a price in the shape of a
great emergency, when internal
commerce or direct trade was injured, and
which were repeated as soon as the emergency
passed. Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

Also that the present internal revenue
laws were enacted as a war measure, and that
it was the duty of the government to repeal
the law at the earliest day practicable. He
said that next Monday he would submit
remarks upon it.

The senate then took up the resolution for
the distribution of the president's annual mes-
sage, and was addressed by Senator Sherman.
Mr. Sherman criticized the message for its
failure of all reference to foreign relations, and
interesting questions on national affairs, and
for postponing all things celestial or terrestrial,
with the exception of the holding of the national
industrial exposition at cars, mechanics and
productions of the colored race throughout the
United States, in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888 and
1889.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 5, 1888.

AT THEIR BARRACKS NEAR ST. LOUIS.

The New York Recruits Think the Negro
Barracks Too Familiar—A Negro Chorus
Sings a White Girl and a Blooded Chorus.

ST. LOUIS, January 4.—A revolt occurred at
Jefferson barracks yesterday evening between
white and colored United States soldiers that
resulted in the injury of many men, and
probably will cost three lives. At this
time there are many recruits at this station,
and yesterday they drew their first pay, and
were on an outburst on the subject. Numerous
barracks near the city, a crowd of New York
recruits, the familiarity of the colored troops,
and a fight followed. The guardsman was
filled with the disorderly ones, and still the
rows kept up. Late in the afternoon a drunken
colored trooper was seen pursuing a fourteen-
year-old white girl, a party of white
troopers were soon after him and in due time
handed him over to the officer of the day. This
seemed to enrage a number of his comrades,
and they forthwith left the barracks, starting
for Christmas in the church, in her
possession of the colored troops, and the white
troopers were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

The white soldiers made their escape with a
few bullets and made their way to the bar-
racks, where they soon made up a party to
handle the matter. The colored troops, with
carbines, they started in good order for Car-
ondelet, but before they had gone far they were
ordered to return and disarm by the officer of
the day. They refused to return to their quar-
ters, but laid down their arms at once and then
proceeded after the enemy. At the river the
troops were met by the colored troops, and the
white troops were followed by a crowd of white
troopers, and they proceeded to take vengeance.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 5, 1888.

CONGRATULATIONS TO THE POPE.

New York Catholics Held a Large Meet-
ing.

NEW YORK, January 4.—Thousands of
Catholics gathered at Cooper Union tonight
under the auspices of Catholic clubs of this
city, to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of
Pope Leo XIII's pontificate.

Joseph McGuffey called the meeting
to order. Eugene Field made a brief address
in which he referred to Dr. McTearney and many
blessings. An expression of the object of the
meeting was set forth in a long preamble and
resolution offering the most cordial congratulations
to our holy father Pope Leo XIII upon his
having attained and happily celebrated the
fiftieth anniversary of his priesthood and at
the same time felicitating upon his
prosperous reign as supreme pontiff.

Wishing from the depth of our hearts
and praying that there may be granted unto
him many, many years of health, strength and
activity, in order that he may continue to guide
the church and the world in the path of truth
and in the path of peace and concord, and in
order that he may attain to still greater achieve-
ments and triumphs; thus marking in the history of the
epoch of his auspicious rule, as one of the most
important in the long and endless succession of
popes since the days of Peter; at the same time
humbly, at the feet of his holiness, a renewed
expression of our unwavering reverence and
love for and fidelity to his august person, whom
may God preserve ad multos annos.

The Brigs' Conscience Brings Advice from
Kauai's Dominions.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 4.—The brig
Consuelo arrived from Honolulu tonight, and
brought the information that (Godfrey) Brown,
minister of foreign affairs, has handed in his
resignation to the king. The king has accepted
of his resignation, and the king's successor is
yet to be named. Premier
Gree's resignation is expected to follow, and
the situation of affairs when the Consuelo
arrives on the 14th of December was not
settled. The king's successor is yet to be
named, whether for or against the king,
would lead to serious trouble. On the author-
ity of Honolulu Bulletin, it is stated that
rumors have been floating about that the king
intends to take matters in his hands in case of
a crisis, and that he has been very busy in
constitution. War vessels are already at an-
chor as follows: British steamers Conquest
and Caroline, French flagships Dupuytren
and Cassin,

GEORGIA OUTLETS.

The Country Negroes Moving Into the Cities.

THE CONTEST IN OGLETHERPE.

A Rude Dilemma With Hydrophobia—The Shower of Smiles—True to Her Husband.

Pleasant A. Stovall makes a pleasant bow before the readers of the Augusta Chronicle, while the Athens Banner brings Boiling A. Stovall prominently to the front.

The Marietta Journal says: "Rockmart is rejoicing in what may be called a shower of smiles. Last Thursday Mrs. James Smith, of that place, gave birth to twin boys. The day following Mrs. William Smith, of Rockmart, presented Mr. Smith with a son and a daughter. It remained for Mrs. George Smith to break the record, and on Sunday she brought three daughters in the world. James, William and George are brothers."

Carrollton will now get the Chattanooga and Rome railroads.

The public schools of Carrollton have passed through one year of successful operation. Reports from Oglethepe county are to the effect that the prohibition contest to take place on the 11th inst. is waxing quite warm, and considerable feeling is manifested. It is said that two weeks ago liquor would have prevailed in the county by a decided majority, but within the last few days quite a change in sentiment has taken place, and now there is now one of grave doubt. It is believed, however, that prohibition will prevail by a small majority.

The Athens Banner calls attention to a new danger from the stamped negro in the direction of the large cities where the free school system prevails. The Banner says: "Many farms are being deserted by every hand thereon, and we hear of one farmer in Oglethepe county who runs forty plows, and yet he has no negro on his farm, the last one having packed up and moved to Athens. There are whole neighborhoods in this country already almost deserted by the blacks. The roads leading into this city for days past have been lined with vehicles of all kinds laden with the household goods of negroes. Farmers say that they will not listen to propositions looking to control for another year, and people stating that they intend to move to towns where their children can be sent to school the year round without any money."

This desertion of the country by the laboring class of people will certainly tell upon the farmers, for it will make hands scarce and unsatisfactory. There is nothing for the negroes to do in Athens. There are more men now than there is work or room for. Every shanty in the city is full of them. There is no use of them coming here with the hope of getting their children educated at the expense of the white tax-payers. The people will not put up with such a burden. The only future that we see here for this undesirable class of population is to give employment to the police force and ornamental chaining. To show the number of negroes moving into Athens one gentleman tells us that within the last few days he has had over twenty applications for a half rotten hewn log cabin in a field that he would not use as a stable for one of his mules.

Mr. W. Henry Stiles and his mother, of Bartow county, are guests of Captain W. M. Gordon, in Savannah. Mr. Stiles, says the News is a fine specimen of the north Georgia farmer. In this section he would be called a planter, but in north Georgia, although his acres are broad and his mules are numerous, he is known as a farmer. He is the proprietor of one of the best tracts of lands in the famous Etowah valley, and in his operations is noted among the most progressive.

The News says of the technological school: Georgia never did a more sensible thing than when she concluded to establish a school of technology. Our legislators are sometimes very generous in appropriating the state's money for purposes that will benefit the people, but they are very ungenerous in appropriating the state's money for the purpose of establishing a technological school. The technological school will make themselves apparent in the history of the present and future generations. Manual school boys trade upon which they can at any time fall back. The technological school will be a great thing in this respect for Georgia boys.

About four months ago a fine mule belonging to Mr. Arnold, a prominent planter near Crawford, was bitten by a dog supposed to be mad. The mule, however, showed no symptoms of hydrophobia, and Mr. Arnold continued to work the animal. All the while it has been driven to the depot, hauling cotton, a few days since it began to manifest feelings of restlessness that continued to increase until a clear case of the rabies was manifested that resulted in the death of the animal.

Mrs. William Courtney, nee Miss Elie Moore, of Wesson, Mississippi, reached Columbus Monday night. She came to see her husband, who is in jail there, charged with forging orders on the Eagle and Phenix Manufacturing company. Courtney broke jail in November, 1886, and was not apprehended until a few weeks ago, when he was arrested at Wesson, Mississippi, where he had married Miss Elie Moore a few weeks before. The unfortunate wife visited her husband at the jail. The meeting was a sad one. The wife declared her intention of eloping to her husband through all his troubles. She had a consultation with a prominent attorney yesterday afternoon, and it is likely that his services will be engaged to defend Courtney.

The Savannah Valley convention, which will be held in Augusta on the 25th inst., to put the claims for Savannah river improvements before the regular monthly court yesterday, and the following business was transacted:

Order passed making the report of the commissioner in case of Mrs. M. Farmer, widow of William Farmer, the judgment of the court for twelve months support.

Order making the report of the commissioner in case of Mrs. Mary Carter, the widow of Nathaniel Carter, the judgment of the court for twelve months support.

Order making the report of the commissioner in case of the estate of Felix Maddox, the judgment of the court for twelve months support.

Temporary letters of administration granted to John W. Braswell on estate of C. C. Goddard, deceased.

THE ORDINARY ACTS.

Judge Stewart Passes Upon County Matter.

DECATUR, January 4.—[Special.]—Judge John B. Stewart, ordinary DeKalb county, and the following business was transacted:

Order passed making the report of the commissioner in case of Mrs. M. Farmer, widow of William Farmer, the judgment of the court for twelve months support.

Order making the report of the commissioner in case of Mrs. Mary Carter, the widow of Nathaniel Carter, the judgment of the court for twelve months support.

Order making the report of the commissioner in case of the estate of Felix Maddox, the judgment of the court for twelve months support.

Temporary letters of administration granted to John W. Braswell on estate of C. C. Goddard, deceased.

BEGINNING THE NEW YEAR.

With a Determination to Outstrip the Work of the Old.

ATWORTH, Ga., January 4.—[Special.]—Atworth has commenced a new year with bright prospects of a prosperous year. The mineral interest is looking up as though something would be accomplished for the extension of the line on that line. The high school is being reorganized and will open the spring term next under the management of a corps of competent teachers, which is attracting the attention of Atworth and environs. The school offers many advantages to those from a distance, and is sure to send their sons and daughters to school.

Gainesville's Industrial School.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., January 4.—[Special.]—The industrial department which is to be added to the Georgia Female seminary, is creating quite a sensation in Gainesville. The school, which is already receiving letters in regard to it. It promises to add many new pupils to this already flourishing school, and will be in full operation before February. Another new feature is a gymnasium, a hall twenty by fifty feet now being fitted up for physical culture.

Fire in Leno.

LENO, Ga., January 4.—[Special.]—J. J. Price's store caught on fire this morning. It was extinguished by the efforts mainly of Mr. P. E. Boyd, and his force. The loss was small, not being more than \$100 to \$200.

PRETTY POUTERS.

The Beautiful Display of Pigeons at the Poultry Show.

SUCCESS OF THE FIRST FAIR.

Some New Arrivals—Notes From the Macon Show—Home Again—Citizens' Meeting—Other News.

MACON, Ga., January 4.—[Special.]—The Georgia State Poultry and Beech association grows in interest. There are constantly new exhibits being entered, and the show is a grand success.

This morning the pigeons arrived, and there are some fine specimens. The show is a grand success. The pigeons are being exhibited in the big hen pigeon to the beautiful carriers. All of the entries in this department were made by H. Lackman, of Cincinnati, except two that are entered by Mrs. J. D. Crawford, of the Hotel Lanier.

There is a constant crowd of interested spectators. This department of the fair well deserves attention, for it is one of the finest displays ever made in the south.

This morning W. G. Sparks has his big English mastiff, "Cassio," chained alongside Mr. D. Morrison's big mastiff bitch, "Juno." The pair are as fine as can be found anywhere. Mr. Morrison also has his handsome, mouse-colored German pointer, "Blissmark," that is only six months old, and is a perfect specimen.

Robert Wainwright has a fine Scotch terrier, Captain L. S. Johnson has placed another of those beautiful ferrets in the pen with his other three. They are very rare animals and greatly admired.

T. J. M. Daley has a home

BELLYKNOTT BULLS.

of the English breed, that are savage beasts in looks. They appear very docile for bulls, and keep quiet.

N. J. Locke has his fine black New Foundland that is one of the best house guards in Macon.

A. D. Clark has the prettiest brown spaniel in the whole show.

George Dillon, the Jersey man, has a fine English bull, a daughter of "Napoleon," the great champion bull. Andrew Dorey has a beautiful pointer, and Mrs. George Payne has a little French bulldog, which is known as Judge Adams' dog. The dog is of fine pedigree and is much admired.

George Price has a pen of black lashed chickens on exhibition. They are very fine fowls. They are equal, if not superior to everything in the show.

The crowd, so far, have not been as large as they should have been, but everybody that goes in comes out swelling the praises of the show. So the interest is growing steadily. Tomorrow the effect of the weather is likely to be very much in the way of the show. The boys deserve success in this branch of the show. Although still in its infancy, the association may well feel proud of the success of its first venture.

MAGIC MACHIN.

He Again Telegraphs Concerning the Covington and Macon.

MACON, Ga., January 4.—[Special.]—Those interested in the Covington and Macon railroad junction assembled this morning in Judge Gustin's room.

The lawyers of the creditors were present, also the United States marshal, attorney of the Covington and Macon road.

The only lawyers non-resident of Macon, who were present, were Mr. George D. Aron, of Athens, and Mr. David W. Meador.

Captain Frank Johnson, chairman of the general creditors, read a telegram he had received from Colonel E. C. McClure, dated at New York, which stated that he had certainly perfected all his moneyed arrangements and would be in Macon by the 25th of this month.

The prospects of the road look highly encouraging, and there seems now to be no obstacle in the way of rapid completion of the Covington and Macon road.

HARRY DAY DEAD.

A Source of Regret to a Host of Friends.

MACON, Ga., January 4.—[Special.]—Mr. Harry C. Day, of Brunswick, died suddenly yesterday morning about 6 o'clock with some trouble of the brain.

Mr. Day was a native of Brunswick, and was well known, and he has relatives and many friends here to mourn his death.

Mr. Day was a brother of Mr. Sidney Lanier, and Colonel R. S. Lanier is in receipt of a telegram from Mrs. Lanier, dated at Baltimore, stating that she will leave for Brunswick to attend the burial of her brother, which will occur in Brunswick.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

Mr. Day was a man of fine talents, and was a great success in his business. He was a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, and was a great success in his business.

THE HEAVY RAINS.

Indicate That There Will Be Fine Fishing this Year.

ALBANY, Ga., January 4.—[Special.]—The recent heavy rains have flooded the country. The countryman which was left at Parker's Tift's carp pond generally a placid little body of water fed from an artesian well is now a great lake covering several acres. The mule of the countryman which was left at Parker's stable to be doctored was overtaken in the stable lot yesterday morning by the rapidly rising water, and was drowned before the eyes of the would be rescuer.

"We shall have fine fishing this year," said a certain fisherman on the oiled up to such heavy rains and quantity of water will open up and set running the Pocomo and Chickasawatchee creeks, which have been comparatively dry for several years. The former runs into the latter, which in turn runs into the Flint river at Newton. When these creeks are open great quantities of fish run up them from the river. I have stood upon the bridge over the Chickasawatchee, at Newton, and seen the fish running up there in perfect schools, great crowds of them, and the water was so shallow that the fish were easy to catch.

"It was in the winter of '73," added the old fisherman, "that the water broke in an extent in the Pocomo that the negroes used to go out every night and spear hundreds of fish among the trees. In that winter the water extended as far as the Henderson place over in east Dougherty and it was so deep in the woods that it killed nearly all the trees, and the water was so shallow that the fish were easy to catch."

I was coming back from Florida at that time and after passed Newton I had to swim nearly the whole way home."

With this concluding reminiscence of that watery year the veteran moved slowly away in the direction of Harris' bar.

A STUBBORN JUROR.

Who Did Not Believe That the Judge's Law Was Good Law.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 4.—[Special.]—A stubborn juror who refused to believe in the law, was the subject of a case in the court yesterday. The juror was known as Miss Margaret V. Halpin. The defendant had bought the property in dispute at a mortgage sale. The case rested on legal point, whether Judge Adams decided in favor of the defendant, and the jurors were instructed by his honor to find for Mr. O'Keefe. There was one juror, however, who sympathized with the defendant and he wanted to find for the plaintiff in the face of the court's order. The other jurors agreed with the court's order, and that did not believe the court's law was good law, and he wanted to see a decision of the supreme court in another case. The substance of the juror's statement was sent to Judge Adams in a note, by the foreman, Mr. Dennis Murphy, all of the other jurors assented to the juror's statement, and the decision referred to had nothing to do with the case. Some time after that the juror stated that he came into court his honor stated that he preferred to find for the defendant, but he was represented as saying, it would constitute grave contempt, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

The juror was taken into custody, and the court would be compelled to take the juror into custody.

MEDICAL.

A Planter's Experience.

"My plantation is in a malarial tract, where fever and ague prevail. I employ 150 hands; frequently half of them were sick, and nearly all discouraged when I began the use of

Tutt's Pills

The result was marvellous. My men became strong and hearty, and I have had no further trouble. With these pills, I would not fear to live in any swamp." E. RIVAL, Boyer Bros., La.

Sold Everywhere. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

Free sample of BOTTLES ONLY WITH BUFF WRAPPER

PAW DISAPPEARS

Inflammations Vanish HEMORRHOIDS CEASE

POUND'S EXTRACT

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over Piles, hemorrhoids, etc.

Also for Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum, etc. Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c.

Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 70th Ave., N. Y.

ARCHITECTS.

EDMUND G. LIND, ARCHITECT. Office, 63½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. PARKINS, ARCHITECT. Office 7½ N. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

L. B. WHEELER, ARCHITECT. Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

HUGH ANGLIER, CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR. 11½ Whitehall St., Room No. 22.

SAMUEL W. GOODE, CLIFFORD L. ANDERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Offices No. 1 Marietta Street, corner Peachtree. Will do a general practice in all the courts, State and Federal. Real Estate and Corporation specialties. Telephone 117. top post

FRANK CARTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. 11½ East Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 333. Refers to Moore, March & Co., City National Bank and Hon. Campbell Wallace. top col

EDMUND W. MARTIN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW. No. 55½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga. top col

WILLIAM A. HAYWOOD, HAMILTON DOUGLAS, HAYGOOD & DOUGLAS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office 17½ Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 117. top col

WALTER GREGORY, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW. Room 3, Jackson Building, 100 N. Peachtree Street. Special attention given to damages and insurance cases, and collections. top col

Thomas C. Carleton, Hewlett & Hall, CARLETON & HALL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Commercial Law a specialty. Newnan, Ga. top col

G. T. OSBORN, COURT REPORTER. All calls by telegram or otherwise promptly attended to. Office 100 N. Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. top col

JOHN M. SLATON, ATTORNEY AT LAW. 20½ Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. top col

LEWIS W. THOMAS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office over Atlanta National Bank, No. 15½ East Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga. Refers to Atlanta National Bank. top col

ROBERT HARRISON, JAMES H. GILBERT, HARRISON & GILBERT, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. 60½ N. Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 750. Commissioner for New York and Notary Public. top col

PORTER KING, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW. Prompt and diligent attention to all business. N. C. JOHNSON, L. H. JOHNSON, JOHNSON & JOHNSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. 215 E. Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia. top col

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. Rooms No. 41 and 42 City City Bank Building. Also for Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum, etc. Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 70th Ave., N. Y. top col

A. B. WRIGHT, MAX MEYERHARDT, MAX MEYERHARDT & WRIGHT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Rooms, Ga. Collections a specialty. dht

ARCHITECTS.

EDMUND G. LIND, ARCHITECT. Office, 63½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. PARKINS, ARCHITECT. Office 7½ N. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

L. B. WHEELER, ARCHITECT. Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th Street, near City Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

WATCH REPAIRING.

BY SKILLED WORKMEN - A SPECIALTY

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW, JEWELERS

top 1st col 1p

McBRIDE'S

Clearing Out Sale!

Brass and Bronze Goods at

and below cost. Rare opportunity

to secure elegant fashionable goods for less than their

value.

top 1st col 1p

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Indications.

For Georgia: Rain, preceded by fair weather in

southern portion; light to fresh southerly winds;

colder.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

Observations at Savannah, U. S. A.

U. S. Observer: January 4-5 P. M.

Observations taken at 9 P. M. central time.

STATIONS.

Mobile 30.00 55.8 1.00 Clear.

Montgomery 30.00 48.8 1.00 Clear.

New Orleans 30.00 42.8 1.00 Cloudy.

Galveston 30.00 42.8 1.00 Cloudy.

Palm Beach 30.00 42.8 1.00 Cloudy.

Pensacola 30.00 42.8 1.00 Cloudy.

Corpus Christi 30.00 42.8 1.00 Cloudy.

Brownsville 30.00 42.8 1.00 Cloudy.

Rio Grande 30.00 42.8 1.00 Cloudy.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

3 a. m. 30.00 42.8 1.00 Clear.

6 a. m. 30.00 42.8 1.00 Clear.

9 a. m. 30.00 42.8 1.00 Clear.

12 m. 30.00 42.8 1.00 Clear.

3 p. m. 30.00 42.8 1.00 Clear.

6 p. m. 30.00 42.8 1.00 Clear.

9 p. m. 30.00 42.8 1.00 Clear.

Total rainfall. 0.00

W. E. SMITH, U. S. Army.

Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. Army.

NOTE: - Barometer corrected for temperature and

instrumental error only.

2nd ed. - Barometer inoperative.

Condensed form.

MEETINGS.

Attention, Atlanta Rifles.

You are commanded to meet at

your armory promptly at 8 o'clock

tonight. Important business.

A. C. SNEYD, Captain Commanding.

W. J. KENDRICK, First Sergeant.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union of the

second ward will meet in Trinity Church, Thursday,

January 5, 1888, at 8 P. M.

L. J. HILL, President.

Gate City National Bank.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 10, 1887.

The regular annual meeting of stockholders of the

Gate City National Bank, will be held at their office

on Tuesday, the 10th of January at 11 o'clock A. M.

L. J. HILL, President.

Masonic Notice.

A regular communication of Fulton

Lodge No. 216, F. & A. M., will be held to-

night at 7 o'clock. All Master Masons in

good standing are cordially invited. By

order of FULTON LODGE, W. M.

OTTO SPANER, Secretary.

UNDERTAKER.

No. 62 South Pryor street. On call day or night

by FRANK X. BILLEY.

WOLFE'S BARGAIN HOUSE

38 WHITEHALL STREET.

THE PLACE TO BUY BARGAINS.

Heavy Beaver Overcoats, \$2.00 to \$4.00.

Cashmere Frocks and Suits, \$2.50 to \$3.50.

Choice Cashmere Pants, \$1.25 to \$2.00.

Boys' Overcoats, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Large Oil Paintings, \$4.00 to \$6.00.

Large Stoves, \$10.00 to \$15.00.

Good Bedsteads, \$3.00 to \$5.00.

Fine Dressers, \$5.00 to \$10.00.

Four, Five Sewing Machines, two Bear Robes.

Good Houses, Delivery Wagon, and Harness.

These will be sold at bargain prices. Auction sales

promptly attended to. H. WOLFE, Auctioneer.

1 cent ad.

T. J. SHEPARD & CO.,

114 Whitehall Street.

CHEAP CASH GROCERIES.

34 pounds Granulated Sugar, \$1.00

10 pounds Coffee, \$1.00

10 pounds Tea, \$1.00

10 pounds Raisins, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00

10 pounds Limes, \$1.00

10 pounds Peaches, \$1.00

10 pounds Plums, \$1.00

10 pounds Cherries, \$1.00

10 pounds Strawberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Raspberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Blackberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Huckleberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Elderberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Junberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Mulberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Gooseberries, \$1.00

10 pounds Currants, \$1.00

10 pounds Grapes, \$1.00

10 pounds Pears, \$1.00

10 pounds Apples, \$1.00

10 pounds Oranges, \$1.00

10 pounds Lemons, \$1.00